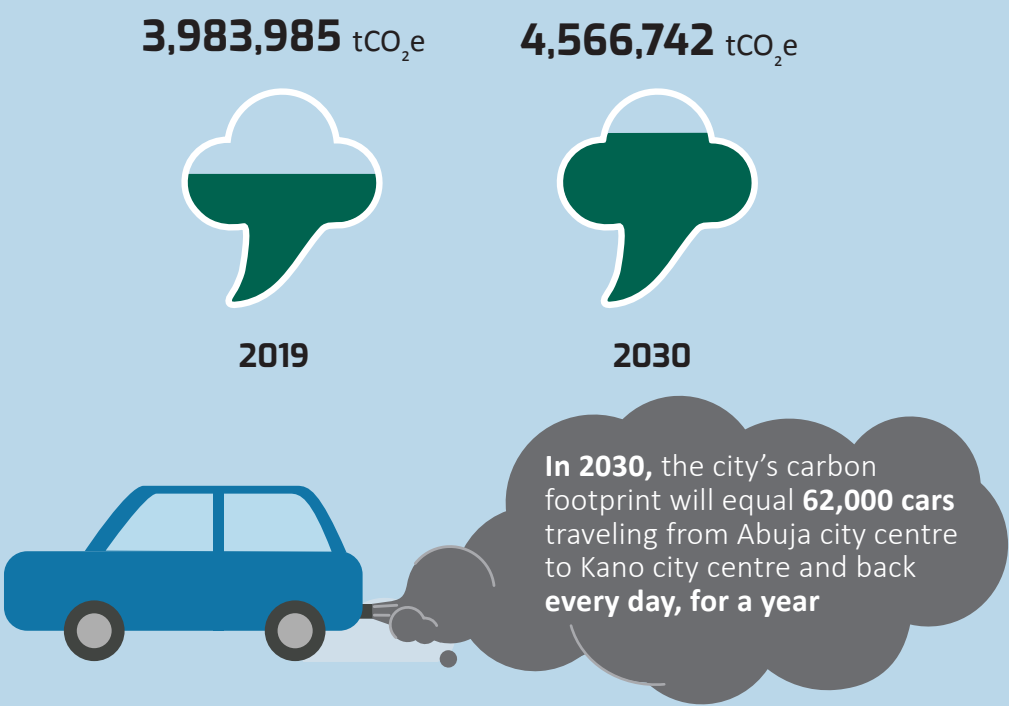


Abuja Municipal Area Council (AMAC)

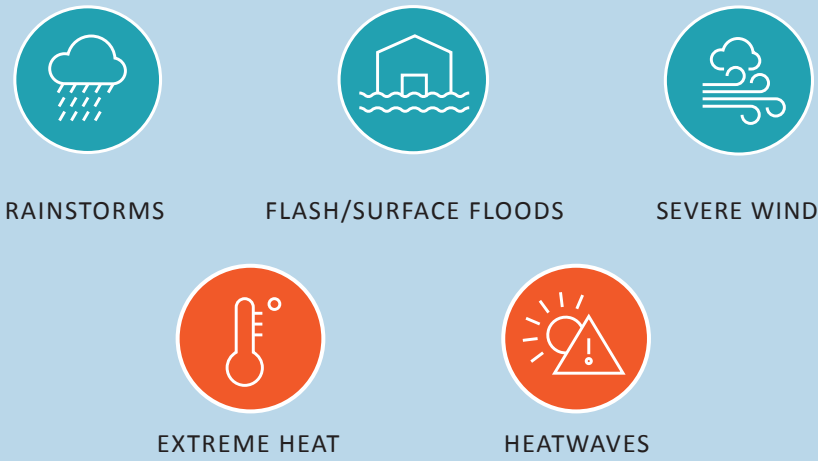


A snapshot of AMAC and its need for climate action and sustainable energy access

Without climate action, AMAC's greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions could increase by 15% in the next decade

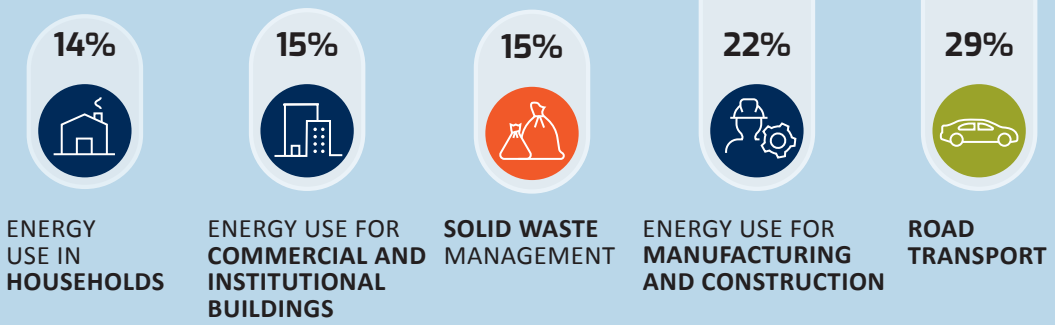


Five hazards have the greatest impact on AMAC:

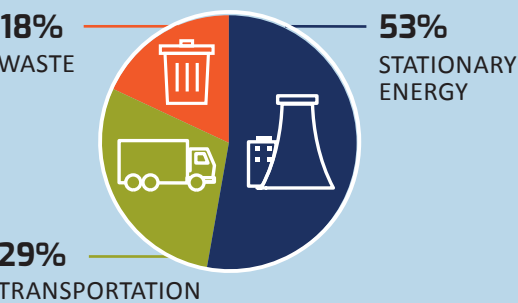


In 2019, greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions per person were half of the global average

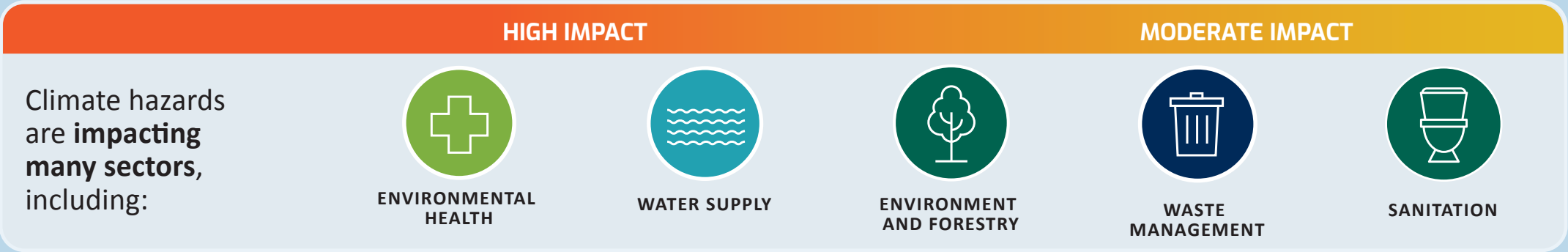
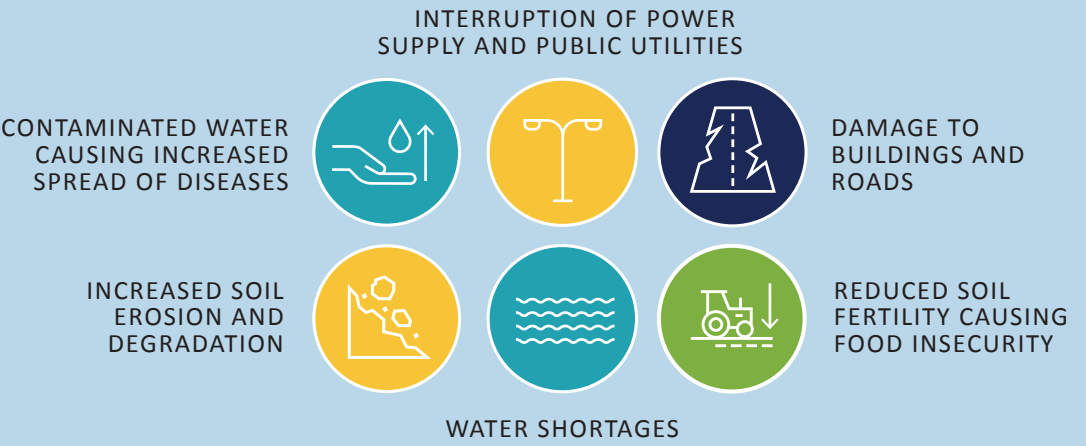
Most emissions come from five main activities:



Total emissions by sector:



These climate hazards will increase over time and pose severe challenges to AMAC:



93.2% of the population in AMAC has access to electricity

6.8% of the population do not use electricity as there is no access to electricity infrastructure or they cannot afford it

Due to power cuts, AMAC only has an average of 3.16 hours of electricity per day

2.6% of the population has access to off-grid electricity via generators or solar home systems

94% of households say they are willing to pay for clean cooking stoves and fuels

